Module 1: Welcome to the ChalleNGe Team	Module 2: Overview of the ChalleNGe Program
Question 1	Question 1
The National Guard Youth ChalleNGe Program (NGYCP) is a co-	Select the Eight Core Components taught to all Cadets in the ChalleNGe
educational, preventative program for high school drop-outs, ages sixteen	Program.
to nineteen years old.	☐ Leadership/Followership
☐ True	☐ Confidence
□ False	☐ Job Skills
	☐ Health and Hygiene
Question 2	□ Poise
This website provides specific information for National Guard Youth	☐ Physical Fitness
ChalleNGe Program Mentors.	☐ Service to Community
□ www.communityforyouth.org	☐ Self-Respect
□ www.bbbs.org	☐ Life-Coping Skills
www.mentoring.org	☐ Academic Excellence
□ www.jointservicessupport.org/ngycp/	Responsible Citizenship
, 11 0 0, 1	☐ Independence
Question 3	- macponaence
"The mission of the National Guard Youth ChalleNGe Program is to	Question 2
intervene in and reclaim the lives of at-risk youth, to produce Program	Pick one of the Eight Core Components, and define that component in your
graduates with the values, skills, education and self-discipline necessary to	own words. Be sure to list what component you are defining.
succeed as adults." This is the called the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
for the ChalleNGe Program.	Question 3
	During the Residential Phase, Cadets attend daily classes in support of the
Question 4	"Academic Excellence" core component.
Since inception, the National Guard Youth ChalleNGe Program	☐ True
(NGYCP) has graduated over young adults.	□ False
Question 5	Ouestion 4
List one thing you learned from the introduction video shown in this	One of the ways the "Job Skills" core component is accomplished is by
module.	training Cadets on how to give a successful job interview.
	☐ True
	☐ False
	Question 5
	The National Guard Youth ChalleNGe Program was piloted in this year:

Module 3: What is a Mentor? Question 1	Module 4: Characteristics of a Mentor Ouestion 1
Name three of the five areas of the Mentoring Pyramid:	The research has demonstrated that youth in high quality relationships
1	improve in the following areas (check all that apply):
, and	Academic performance
 '	☐ Reduced likelihood of dropping-out of school
Question 2	Decreased incidents of high risk behaviors—substance abuse,
You are talking with your Cadet and you ask, "How has your week been?"	carrying a weapon, unsafe sex and violence
The response you get is, "Good." Write one example of an open-ended	☐ Increased emotional and social development
question that you could ask your Cadet to get a more in-depth response.	increased emodoliai and sociai development
	Question 2
	There are many characteristics of Mentors. The lesson indicates that
	Mentors should be able to reflect on their own motivations,
Question 3	, and to the relationship.
With active listening, if you do not understand exactly what your Cadet is	
saying to you, try repeating back the information as you understand it.	Question 3
What is the process called?	There are many characteristics of Mentors. The lesson indicates that
☐ Obtaining information	Mentors should be able to identify realistic expectations about the
☐ Self-awareness	relationship, the, and the they can
☐ Paraphrasing	have on youth.
☐ Simulation	
	Question 4
Question 4	According to the article "Getting to the Gold," goals and activities are at the
A Mentor is a person or friend who guides a less-experienced person by	heart of the mentoring relationship. The key is to pay attention to the
building trust and modeling positive behaviors.	Mentee's needs and
☐ True	
☐ False	Question 5
	According to the article "Mentoring Works," by Jonathan Alter, "Mentoring is not the solution to the problems of the next generation.
	comes first."

☐ Schools

□ Parenting
 □ Training
 □ Extra-curricular activities

Modu	le 5: The Case Mana	ager		
Question	n 1			
Case Management refers to the "oversight practices employed by a				
Progra	m, that leads to active	Mentor matches and successful Cadet		
placem	ent," within which Pl	nase of the ChalleNGe Program?		
	Acclimation			
	ChalleNGe			
	Residential			
	Post-Residential			
Question	n 2			
	re	efers to situations in which Mentors and		
Mentee	es are fulfilling their c	ontact requirements and meeting monthly		
reporti	ng requirements.			
Question	n 3			
\sim		ts" section of this module, one of the most		
		Manager is to be a Cadet		
		Manager is to be a cadet		
	guidance counselo	م		
		L		
	representative			
Question				
Some of		ase Manager include (check all that apply):		
	maintaining monthly	communication with Mentors		
	monitoring and reco	ording mentoring activities and contacts		
	recording Cadets' pl	acement activities		
	maintaining and repoduty military	orting on contact with Cadets who are active		
O	<i>5</i>			
Question Your N	n 5 Mento ri ng	will outline your reporting		

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requirements.

Question 1		
addresses the youth's need to be good at		
something, rather than staying caught in a cycle of failure.		
Question 2		
This module lists the needs of adolescent youth is the		
need to be accepted and loved by others, rather than be alienated from them		
Youth seek to gain the acceptance, attention, and affection of others.		
Question 3		
This need of youth addresses the need to gain control of one's destiny,		
rather than be at the mercy of others.		
☐ Belonging		
☐ Mastery		
☐ Independence		
☐ Generosity		
Question 4		
Generosity is the need to give to others, rather than to always be receiving.		
☐ True		
☐ False		
Question 5		
Summarize one of the things you learned about adolescent youth and the rol of Mentors, from watching the video in this module.		

Module 7: Relationship Building Module 8: Expectations and the Mentoring Relationship Ouestion 1 Ouestion 1 This module addresses some challenges and possible solutions for common Mentor Successful early stages of relationship development - Forming and Norming relationship issues. One issue is a Mentee needing career guidance. Check all the - are cruciall to the long-term effectiveness of the Match, and the possible things presented in the presentation that a Mentor can do to work on this achievement of ChalleNGe goals. This is why the first challenge with the Cadet. of the Mentoring relationship are important and need a lot of attention. ☐ Ask about his interests \Box 1 Expose him to new opportunities \square 2 ☐ Share your experiences \square 3 Search Google for jobs \Box 4 Ouestion 2 Ouestion 2 Another issue is a Mentee feeling overwhelmed. Check all the possible things The stages of a relationship include Forming, Norming, Storming, presented in the presentation that a Mentor can do to work on this challenge with Performing, and Mourning/Morning. The stages listed are always the Cadet. sequential. ☐ Friends don't "fix" □ True П Set limits □ False ☐ Ask for feedback ☐ Take a stress management course Question 3 During this Phase, the primary role of the Mentor is to participate in weekly Question 3 contact with the Cadet, and to help them prepare their Post-Residential Another issue is the Mentee falls out of contact. Check all the possible things Action Plan (P-RAP). presented in the presentation that a Mentor can do to work on this challenge with the Cadet. ☐ Acclimation ☐ Don't take it personally ☐ Residential Focus on fun ☐ Post-Residential ☐ Be persistent ☐ None of the above ☐ Take a break Ouestion 4 Question 4 During this Phase, the "Mentor-Matching Ceremony" happens. Another issue is a Mentee talks to you about risky behaviors. Check all the possible ☐ Acclimation things presented in the presentation that a Mentor can do to work on this challenge ☐ Residential with the Cadet. ☐ Post-Residential ☐ Tell the parent □ None of the Above ☐ Ask questions ☐ Hold your opinion Ouestion 5 ☐ Keep his confidence List one thing you will do with your Cadet in the Forming Phase of relationship development. Question 5 Another issue is a Mentee tests you. Check all the possible things presented in the presentation that a Mentor can do to work on this challenge with the Cadet. ☐ Cool down ☐ Set clear boundaries

☐ Tell the parents

☐ Reaffirm your commitment

Module 9: Introduction to P-RAP Question 1	Module 10: Communication between Mentor and Mentee Question 1
The Post-Residential Action Plan is a tool that supports the process of goal	is about receiving information from the Cadet, and
development and action planning for the Residential and Post-Residential	remaining non-judgmental and empathetic.
Phases. Within ChalleNGe, this Plan is commonly called and abbreviated to	
this:	Question 2
	What percentage of communication is non-verbal?
Question 2	□ 63%
The P-RAP is a tool that provides the roadmap to a Cadet's success.	□ 77%
☐ True	□ 89%
□ False	□ 93%
Question 3	Question 3
Check all the functions of the P-RAP:	When you seek to understand, you ask more questions and try to withhold
 Helps Cadets identify and obtain more durable placement Increases Post-Residential accountability 	
☐ Helps Post-Residential staff monitor placement activities and work	Question 4
with Cadets in the Post-Residential Phase	Describe one active listening skill you learned about, that will help you in
 Provides focus for mentoring relationships and guides Mentor responsibilities 	your relationship with your Cadet.
Question 4	
List one thing you learned from listening to the audio files in this module.	Question 5
	Active listening is difficult.
	☐ True
	□ False
Question 5	
The P-RAP contains many goals, defined by the Cadet. According to this	
module, goals should be:	
□ K.I.S.S.	
□ R.E.A.L.	
□ M.A.N.Y.	
□ S.M.A.R.T.	